

深圳市华中照明有限公司 SHENZHEN CC LIGHTING CO.,LTD.

Specification

Custome	er nar	ne:
Productio	n nam	e : SMD5730
Moder	: _	HZ-SMD5730
Part num	nber	: 20131215001
Date	:	15-Dec2013

C	lient appro	val	Huaz	choug appro	oval
Approval	Audit Confirmation		Approval	Audit	Confirmation

Features

- Extremely wide viewing angle.
- Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.
- Available on tape and reel
- Moisture sensitivity level:level 4.
- Package:3000pcs/reel..
- RoHS compliant.

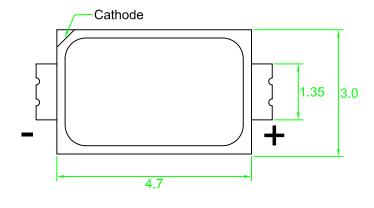
Description

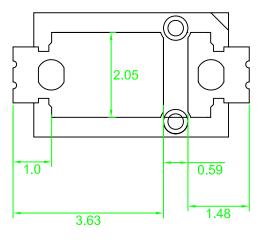
The White LED which was fabricated using a blue chip and the phosphor

Applications

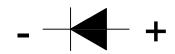
- Optical indicator
- Indoor display
- Automotive lighting
- Backlight for LCD,switch and Symbol,display
- Tubular light application
- General use

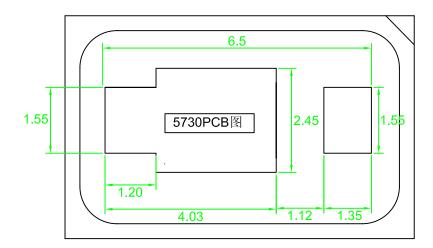
Package Dimensions











Note : 1.All dimension are in millimeter tolerance is \pm 0.1mm unless otherwise noted. 2.Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	UNIT
Forward Current	lF	150	mA
Peak Forward Current Duty 1/10@10KHz	I FP	200	mA
Power Dissipation	PD	500	mW
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	1000	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20~ +80	$^{\circ}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30~ +100	$^{\circ}$
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	Max 235°ℂ for 3 sec Max	

Typical Electrical & Optical Characteristics (Ta=25 ℃)

Item	Symbol	Test condition	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=150mA	3.0	3.2	3.4	V
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V	-	-	10	uA
Luminous Flux	lm	IF=150mA	50	_	56	lm
	Х	IF=150mA	-	0.4393	_	
Color Coordinates	Υ	IF=150mA	_	0.4031		
Color Temperature	Тс	IF=150mA	-	3000	-	К
Viewing Angle	20 1/2	IF=150mA	-	120	-	deg
Color Rendering Index	Ra	IF=150mA	80	-	-	_

Note : 1.The forward voltage data did not including \pm 0.1V testing tolerance.

2. The luminous intensity data did not including \pm 15% testing tolerance.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25 ℃

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	UNIT
Forward Current	lF	150	mA
Peak Forward Current Duty 1/10@10KHz	I FP	200	mA
Power Dissipation	PD	500	mW
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	1000	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20~ +80	$^{\circ}\!$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30~ +100	$^{\circ}$
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	Max 235°C for 3 sec Max	

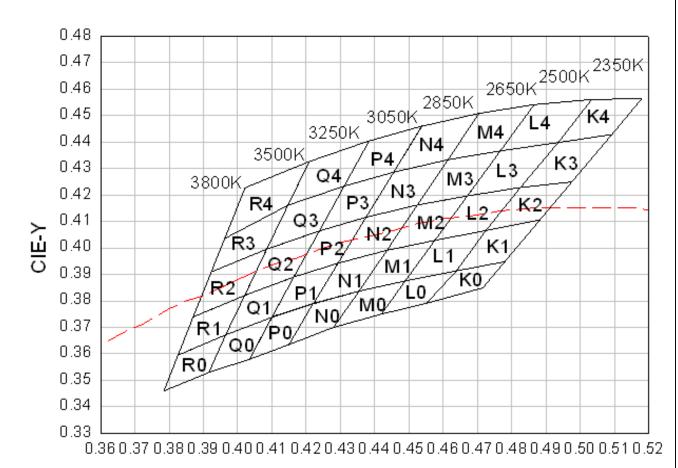
Typical Electrical & Optical Characteristics (Ta=25 °C)

Item	Symbol	Test condition	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=150mA	3.0	3.2	3.4	V
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V	-	-	10	uA
Luminous Flux	lm	IF=150mA	55	•	60	lm
	Х	IF=150mA		0.3457		
Color Coordinates	Υ	IF=150mA		0.3587		
Color Temperature	Тс	IF=150mA	1	5000	_	К
Viewing Angle	20 1/2	IF=150mA	-	120	-	deg
Color Rendering Index	Ra	IF=150mA	80	_	_	_

Note : 1.The forward voltage data did not including $\pm\,0.1V$ testing tolerance.

2. The luminous intensity data did not including \pm 15% testing tolerance.

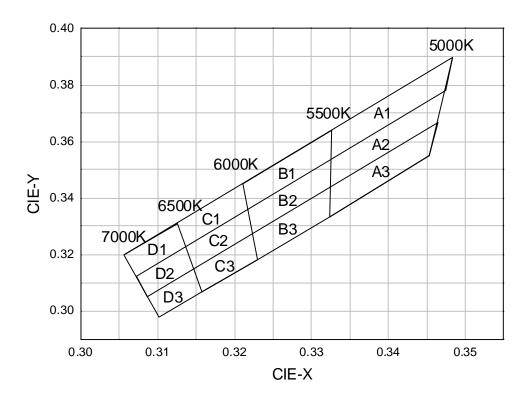
Color Group



CIF-X

Bin code	CCT(K)	Bin code	CCT(K)	Bin code	CCT(K)	Bin code	CCT(K)	
K0		L0		M0		N0		
K1		L1		M1		N1		
K2	2350-2500K	L2	2500-2650	M2	2650-2850	N2	2850-3050	
К3		L3		M3		N3		
K4		L4		M4		N4	1	
Bin	CCT(K)	Bin	CCT(K)	Bin	CCT(K)	Bin	CCT(V)	
code	CCI(K)	code	CCI(K)	code	CCI(K)	code	CCT(K)	
P0		Q0		R0				
P1		Q1		R1	3500-3800			
P2	3050-3250	Q2	3250-3500	R2				
P3		Q3		R3				
P4		Q4		R4				

Color Group



	A1 5000-5500				A2 5000-5500				A	3 5000	-5500			
X	0.3326	0.3484	0. 3474	0.3325	X	0.3325	0.3474	0.3464	0.3327	X	0.3327	0.3464	0. 3453	0.3324
Y	0.3641	0.3897	0.378	0. 3537	Y	0. 3537	0.378	0.3666	0.3452	Y	0. 3452	0.3666	0. 3549	0.3334

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curve

DBK CHIP

Fig.1 Forward current vs. Forward Voltage

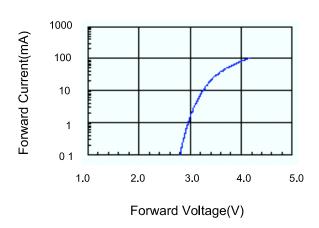


Fig.2 Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

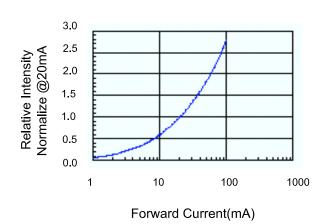
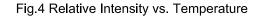
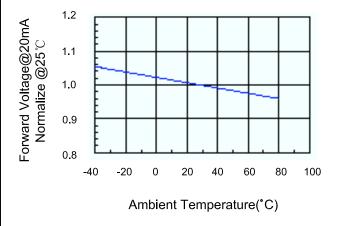


Fig.3 Forward Voltage vs. Temperature







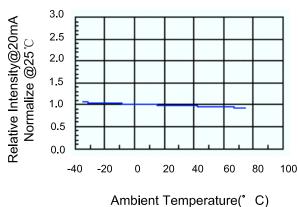
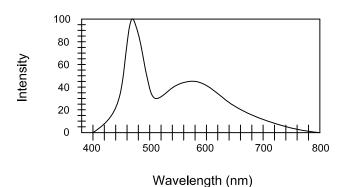
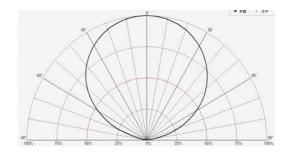


Fig.5 Luminous Spectrum(Ta=25 °C)







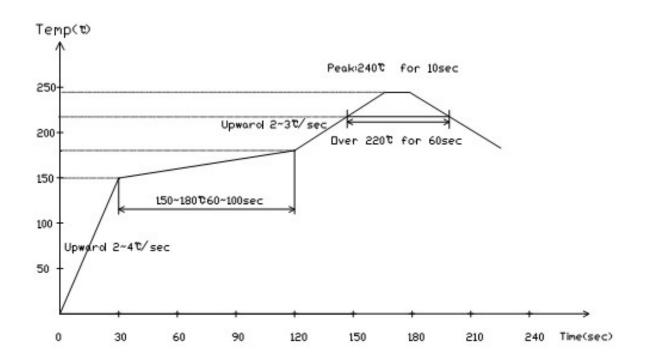
Reliability Test:

Test Item	Test Condition	Description	Reference Standard
Operating Life Test	1.Under Room Temperature 2.If=150mA 3.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs, +72hrs)	This test is conducted for the purpose of determining the resisance of a part in electrical and themal stressed.	MIL-STD-750: 1026 MIL-STD-883: 1005 JIS C 7021: B-1
High Temperature Storage Test	1.Ta=105℃±5℃ 2.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs, +72hrs)	The purpose of this is the resistance of the device which is laid under ondition of hogh temperature for hours.	MIL-STD-883:1008 JIS C 7021: B-10
Low Temperature Storage Test	1.Ta=-40 °C±5 °C 2.t=1000 hrs (-24hrs, +72hrs)	The purpose of this is the resistance of the device which is laid under condition of low temperature for hours.	JIS C 7021: B-12
High Temperature High Humidity Test	1.Ta=65°C±5°C 2.RH=90%~95% 3.t=240hrs±2hrs	The purpose of this test is the resistance of the device under tropical for hous.	MIL-STD-202:103B JIS C 7021: B-11
Thermal Shock Test	1.Ta=105℃±5℃&-40℃±5℃ (10min) (10min) 2.total 10 cycles	The purpose of this is the resistance of the device to sudden extreme changes in high and low temperature.	MIL-STD-202: 107D MIL-STD-750: 1051 MIL-STD-883: 1011
Solder Resistance Test	1.T.Sol=260℃±5℃ 2.Dwell time= 10 ± 1sec.	This test intended to determine the thermal characteristic resistance of the device to sudden exposures at extreme changes in temperature when soldering the lead wire.	MIL-STD-202: 210A MIL-STD-750: 2031 JIS C 7021: A-1
Solderability Test	1.T.Sol=230 ℃ ± 5 ℃ 2.Dwell time=5 ± 1sec	This test intended to see soldering well performed or not.	MIL-STD-202: 208D MIL-STD-750: 2026 MIL-STD-883: 2003 JIS C 7021: A-2

Criteria For Judging Damage

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Test Condition		
restrients	Супьог	rest Condition	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=150mA		U.S.L*)x1.1	
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		U.S.L*)x2.0	
Luminous Flux	lm	IF=150mA	L.S.L*)x0.7		

SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions



- 1.Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs duting heating

Soldering iron

- 1.When hand soldering,keep the temperature of iron below less 300° C less than 3 seconds
- 2. The hand solder should be done only one times

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

Cautions

The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper.

Handling Precautions

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more prone to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, Special handling precautions must be observed during assembling using silicone encapsulated LED products, Failure to comply might leads to damage and premature failure of the LED.

- 1.Handle the component allong the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools;do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.
- 2.The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.

- 3.Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing LEDs.Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.
- 4. Not suitable to operate in acidic environment, PH<7
- 5. LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material.
- 6.When we need to use external glue for LED application produts, please make sure that the external gluematches the LED packaging glue. Additionally, as most of LED packaging glus is silica gel, and it has strong Oxygen permeability as well as strong moisture permeability; in order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlonne element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external glue of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM
 - 7.Other points for attention, please refer to our LED user manual.